

Efficacy of 29 doses of IL-Sb^V (150 mg/kg/day) at various time points

Mice M1, M2, M3, and M4 were treated with IL-Sb^V and sacrificed after 15, 22, 29, and 42 days pt. Panels show samples from mice infected with each *Leishmania* species: A, *L* (*V.)* panamensis and B, *L* (*V.)* braziliensis) with CL-lesions before (right column) and after (left column) treatment on different days pt. (X = 15, 22, 29, 42 days pt.) (N = 1).

APPENDIX 2

Response of mice infected with *L. (V.) panamensis* to treatment with low doses of IL-Sb^V. A, 29 doses, 50 mg/kg/day. B, 29 doses, 16.6 mg/kg/day

					A. IL-S	Sb ^v -50 mg	g/kg, <i>L</i> . ((V.) pana	<i>mensis</i> in	fected m	nice		
Miss	Before	ene	d treatme	nt	1	5-day pt.				60	-day pt.		
Mice	mm ²	2	LS _{red}	еE	2	LS _{red}	еE	2	LS _{red}	еE	Para	sites	
		mm ²	(%)	(%)	mm ²	(%)	(%)	mm ²	(%)	(%)	imprints	biopsies	fЕ
M1	50.0	24.3	51.4	22.2	20.8	58.4	50	59.9	0	0	+++	+++	
M2	40.5	29.3	27.6	33.3	22.8	43.7	50	132	0	0	+++	+++	0

M3	59.2	26.4	55.4	26.4	55.4	70.8	0	+++	+++	
M4	33.9	0	100	0	100	11.6	Re ^a	+++	+++	
M5	50.9	18.0	64.6	5.3	89.5	17.3	66.0	+++	+++	
M6	32.1	0	100	0	100	3.5	Re	+++	+++	

B. IL-Sb^V-16.6 mg/kg, L. (V.) panamensis infected mice

Mice	Before	en	d treatmer	nt	1	5-day pt.				6	0-day pt.		
<u> </u>	mm^2	mm ²	LS _{red}	еE	mm ²	LS _{red}	еE	mm ²	LS _{red}	еE	Paras	sites	
		mm-	(%)	(%)	mm-	(%)	(%)	mm-	(%)	(%)	imprints	biopsies	fЕ
M1	39.7	19.2	51.6		24.5	38.2		78.8	0		+++	+++	
M2	40.2	34.2	14.9	0	59.9	0	0	121.7	0		+++	+++	0
M3	42.9	38.9	9.3		40.1	6.5		125.8	0	0	+++	+++	
M4	42.8	24.2	43.4		25.0	41.5		140.9	0		+++	+++	
M5	28.7	26.3	8.3		25.1	12.5		41.3	0		+++	+++	
M6	23.6	19.8	16.1		18.1	23.3		29.9	0		+++	+++	

The table shows individual lesion sizes (mm²) before and at the end of treatment, and at 15 and 60 days post-treatment (pt.). Percentage lesion size reduction (LS_{red}) in each mouse, aesthetic efficacy (eE), and final efficacy (fE) were calculated (N = 6). Parasite loads were scored at the end of treatment. Before treatment, mean lesion sizes were 44.4 mm² \pm 9.7 mm² and 36.3 mm² \pm 7.4 mm². %LS_{red}, percentage lesion size reduction; % _eE, aesthetic efficacy (% mice with LS_{red} between 75 %-100 %); _fE, final efficacy. No = 0, scarce = 1-5 (+), moderate = 6-10 (++), abundant > 11 (+++) parasites. Mice presenting with a complete aesthetic response or improvement (LS_{red} > 75 %) during follow-up are highlighted. ^a Reactivation.

Response of mice infected with L. (V.) panamensis to treatment with 29 doses of IL-Sb^V (50 mg/kg/day)



Photographs of CL lesions in mice M1-M6 at the beginning and end of treatment, and at 60 days pt.

Response of mice infected with *L. (V.) panamensis* to treatment with 29 doses of IL-Sb^V (16.6 mg/kg/day)



Photographs of CL lesions in mice M1-M6 at the beginning and end of treatment, and at 60 days pt.

Response of mice infected with *L. (V.) braziliensis* to treatment with low doses of IL-Sb^V. A. 29 doses, 50 mg/kg/day. B. 29 doses, 16.6 mg/kg/day

					A. IL-	Sb ^v -50 n	ng/kg, <i>L</i> .	(V.) brazi	<i>iliensis</i> in	fected n	nice		
	Before	end	of treatn	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
Mice	mm ²	2	LS _{red}	еE	2	LS _{red}	еE	2	LS _{red}	еE	Para	sites	
		mm ²	(%)	(%)	mm ²	(%)	(%)	mm²	(%)	(%)	imprints	biopsies +++ +++ +++ +++ +++ +++ asites biopsies +++ +++ +++ +++ +++ +++ +++ ++++ ++	ŕЕ
M1	42	18.1	56.9		11.3	73.0		34.8	17.1		+++	+++	
M2	36.4	0	100		0	100		7.8	Re		+++	+++	
M3	45.3	21	53.6	22.2	20	55.8		39.4	13.0	16.6	+++	+++	0
M4	50.2	22	56.1	33.3	10	80.0	66.6	41	18.3	16.6	+++	+++	0
M5	45.8	20	56.3		0	100		0	100		-	+++	
M6	48.9	9	81.5		0	100		20	Re		+++	+++	
					B. IL-S	Sb ^V -16,6	mg/kg, <i>L</i>	. (V.) braz	<i>ziliensis</i> in	nfected	mice		
Miss	Before	end	of treatn	nent	1	5-day pt				60-	-day pt.		
Mice	mm ²	2	LS _{red}	еE	2	LS _{red}	еE	2	LS _{red}	еE	Para	sites	Б
		mm ²	(%)	(%)	mm-	(%)	(%)	mm²	(%)	(%)	imprints	biopsies	fE
M1	42.8	33.3	22.1		33.3	22.1		53.3	0		+++	+++	
M2	38.9	32.0	17.7		22.0	43.4		68.5	0		+++	+++	
M3	38.1	44.7	0	16.6	54.6	0	16.6	125.5	0	0	+++	+++	0
M4	40.6	42.7	0	16.6	30.1	25.8	16.6	120.4	0	0	+++	+++	0
M5	44.7	48.0	0		37.8	154		78.0	0		+++	+++	
M6	40.7	8.7	78.6		5.2	87.2		29.8	26.7		+++	+++	

The table shows individual lesion areas (mm²) before and at the end of treatment, and at 15 and 60 days post treatment (pt.). Percentage lesion size reduction (LS_{red}) in each mouse, aesthetic efficacy (eE), and final efficacy (fE) were calculated (N = 6). Parasite loads were scored at the end of treatment. Before treatment, mean lesion size was 44.7 mm² \pm 4.5 mm² and 40.9 mm² \pm 2.3 mm². %LS_{red}, percentage lesion size reduction; % _eE, aesthetic efficacy (% mice with LS_{red} between 75 %-100 %); _fE, final efficacy. No = 0, scarce = 1–5 (+), moderate = 6-10 (++), abundant > 11 (+++) parasites. Mice presenting with a complete aesthetic response or improvement (LS_{red} > 75 %) during follow-up are highlighted. ^a Reactivation.

Response of mice M1–M6 infected with *L. (V.) braziliensis* to low dose treatment with 29 doses of IL-Sb^V (50 mg/kg/day)



Photographs of CL lesions in mice M1-M6 at the beginning and end of treatment, and at 60 days pt.

Response of mice M1–M6 infected with *L. (V.) braziliensis* to low dose treatment with 29 doses of IL-Sb^V (16.6 mg/kg/day)



Photographs of CL lesions in mice M1-M6 at the beginning and end of treatment, and at 60 days pt.

		L	. (V.) p	aname	nsis	L. (V.) braziliensis						
Histopathological	M1	M2	M3	M4	4 M5	M6	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6
Characteristic	cure	cure	cure	cure	fail ^a	reb	cure	fail	cure	re	M5 re + + + + + + ++ +++ +++	re
Acanthosis	_	-	+	-	+	++	-	-	-	+++	+	++-
Hyperkeratosis	_	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+
Parakeratosis	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	++
Spongiosis	-	-	-	-	+	++	-	-	-	+	+	++
Necrosis	_	-	-	-	+	-	-	++	-	+	-	++
Cellular infiltrate	+	+	+	+	+++	+++	-	++	+	++	++	++
Lymphocytes	+	+	+	+	+++	+++	-	+++	+	+	+++	++
Macrophages	+	+	+	+	+++	+++	-	+	+	+++	+++	++
Neutrophils	+	+	+	+	+++	+++	-	+	+	+++	+++	++
Giants cells		-	-	-	+	+++	-	+	+	+	++	++
Amastigotes	-	-	-	-	+++	+++	-	++	-	+++	+++	++

Histopathological features induced by 29 doses of IL-Sb^V (150 mg/kg/day) in skin (epidermis and dermis) at 60 days pt

Values were obtained from the most dominant histopathological areas and scored as -, absent; +, mild; ++, moderate; and +++ severe. Observations were from 50 microscopic fields, $1000 \times$ magnification. M_{cure}, cured mice; M_{fail}, mice with treatment failure; M_{Re}, mice exhibiting reactivation. ^a Failure; ^b reactivation. Histological parameters evaluated (-, absence, +, mild; ++, moderate; +++ severe). The values were obtained from the most dominant histopathological areas. Observation in 50 microscopic fields, 1 000X magnification.





The first column (60 days pt.) shows the response of mice M1–M6 to IL-Sb^V-150, topical miltefosine (positive control) and IL-saline solution (negative control). The microphotographs were taken at different magnifications (400X and 1000X) and showed epidermal/dermal changes such as parakeratosis, spongiosis, hyperkeratosis, acanthosis, and inflammatory infiltrate. Intra and extracellular amastigotes are observed on mice M5, M6 and control.

Histopathological features after 29 doses of IL-Sb^V (150 mg/kg/day) in skin biopsies of *L. (V.) braziliensis*-infected mice, at 60 days post treatment (pt.)



The first column (60 days pt.) shows the response of mice M1–M6 to IL-Sb^V-150, topical miltefosine (positive control) and IL-saline solution (negative control). The microphotographs were taken at different magnifications (400X and 1000X) and showed epidermal/dermal changes such as parakeratosis, spongiosis, hyperkeratosis, acanthosis, and inflammatory infiltrate. Intra and extracellular amastigotes are observed on mice M5, M6 and control.